Slightly warmer; fair weather.

Notable Bargains.

A light-weight garment is needed to enable you to tide over the remaining warm days of the season. Our stock of light-weight Clothing has been reduced to a lower point than in any previous season, at this date. We attribute this to the fact that our productions were at once popular, and offered at prices that were calculated to move merchandise in its proper season, and the result now is, that you can buy any light garment in any department at

25 PER CENT. DISCOUNT

MEN'S CHAMPION BOOTS AT \$24. Bottomed entirely by hand. 4-6 at \$22; 1-5 at \$20; 1-3 at \$19; less the usual discount.

McKEE & CO., Wholesale Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, 93 and 95 South Meridian Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

The Truth, the Whole Truth and Nothing but the Truth

Is our style of business. We have no Fancy Prices for one day and "Special Prices" for the next Goods are marked at a small profit from the start, and there they stick. A bargain first, last and all the time. Our new stock of FINE SILVERWARE, and our immense line of popular WATCHES. lead the trade on account of quality and price.

American Watch Club Co., 11 North Penn. St.

ALMY AND CHRISTIE WARDEN.

What Miss Thomas Says About a Midnight

Visit to Her Room at Pattee's House.

HANOVER, N. H., Aug. 24.-Miss Jannette

Thomas, a relative of Prof. Pattee, whose

connection with the Almy case has often

been referred to, tells a story of a midnight

visit received from the murderer July 15,

two days before the killing of Christie

Warden. This night Miss Thomas slept in

the room usually occupied by Christie

Warden when she stayed at the house of

Prof. Pattee, She was aroused from her

sleep by a noise in the room, and at once

asked who was there. Her throat was in-

stantly grasped by a hand and a

voice whispered: "Keep still, I'll

not injure you." The intruder then

asked her if this was not

Christie Warden's room and where Christie

was. Miss Thomas told him Christie had

left the house in the afternoon. He de-

manded to know Miss Thomas's identity,

and then said to her: "I am the lover of

ber at night her reputation would be blasted forever. You would not want to

have that occur, now, would you?" he asked, with a sarcastic laugh. Pressing a pistol against her breast he made her swear

never to betray him. He then said he had been in the room before, and asked if the door was fastened. Miss Thomas knew by this

it carefully and let it always be a reminder

of her oath, for if she ever breathed a syl-

lable of this affair he would kill her. The

Miss Thomas's story confirms a theory

that had long obtained among these interested in the case, but which has been with-

held from the public. Almy was wildly

jealous of Professor Pattee, and of this jeal-

ousy the utmost cruel and unjust suspicion

was born, involving the Professor and Miss

Warden. This undoubtedly accounts for the midnight visit to Pattee's house, where

the murderer hoped to find substantiation

for his suspicions, and went armed with his

two revolvers, prepared to kill both sus-

pected persons,
The identity of Almy as George H.

Abbott was satisfactorily and finally

established this morning. The position in which the murderer's broken leg has forced him to lie has prevented an examination of his back for the

scars of the buck-shot wounds received in

his battle with the officers on the Thetford mountain in 1880. While his cot was being

freshened up he was turned over so far on

his side as to reveal his back, whereon were plainly revealed the unmistakable

Governor Tuttle to-day stated that in his opinion Mrs. Warden, mother of the mur-

dered girl, who gave the information to the officers that led to the arrest of Almy.

was entitled to the reward of \$2,500, offered

BLOODY VENDETTA.

The Durhams and Howards Meet at a South

Carolina Church and Three Bite the Dust.

GREENVILLE, S. C., Aug. 24 .- At Mountain

Hill Church, a rude place of worship used

by foot-washing Baptists, in the heart of

the Blue Ridge mountains, twenty-five

miles above this city, there was a bloody

affray yesterday. The mountain people of

that neighborhood are generally moon-

shiners, and two leading families-the

Durhams and Howards-are divided into

hostile clans. Richard Howard led a

party of his kinsmen on a raid on the

church yesterday while the congregation

were assembled. Luther Durham and Richard Gornell, who is a deacon of the

church, undertook to arrest them. Joshua

Howard fired on Luther Durham, wound-

ing him mortally, but he then shot and

killed Massena Howard. Richard Howard

was also shot, but has disappeared. The

Howards were routed, but the congregation

dispersed without concluding the com-

munion service. This makes five men

killed in this fend in that neighborhood within three years, and one of the Howard

clan is now in jail here under sentence of

Losses by Fire.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Aug. 24.-A fire to-day at R. W. Fillsbury's cooper-shop, at

Derry, destroyed the whole plant. Loss,

death for murder.

\$50,000; insurance, \$22,000.

traces of gunshot wounds.

by him in the name of the State.

intruder then departed.

Cleveland, Cincinnati, BIG Chicago & St. Louis. ROUTE.

HARVEST EXCURSIONS

Aug. 25, Sept. 15 and 29,

West, Northwest, Southwest and South

Harvest Excursion Tickets will be sold by "Big Four" Route to all points authorized by the Central Traffic Association, Aug. 25, Sept. 15 and 29. For particulars call on "Big Four" agents.

For tickets and full information call at Big Four offices, No. 1 East Washington street, No. 138 South Illinois street and Union Station.
H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

Take a Plunge in Salt Water. On Wednesday, Aug. 26, the C., H. & D. R. R. will sell round-trip tickets to

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., At rate of \$18.80. Tickets are good to return till Sept. 10, inclusive.

\$2.50 to Cincinnati and Return

C., H. & D. R. R.,

"Last Days of Pompeii." The annual spectacle given by the Order of Cincinnatus will this year be the "last Days of Pompeii," one of Paine's masterpieces, which will be produced with the perfection of his Manhattan Beach display. On Ang. 27 the C., H. & D. Railroad Company will run an excursion from Indianapolis to Cincinnati and return at a rate of 1 cent per mile. The tickets will be good returning Aug. 28.

Excursion to NIAGARA FALLS,

C., H. & D. and ERIE R. R.'S. THURSDAY, Aug. 27. \$5 Round Trip. \$6 to Teronto and return. \$10 to Thousand Islands and return. For further information call at C., H. & D. Ticketoffice, corner Kentucky ave. and Illinois street, and Union Station. H. J. RHEIN, General Agent.

We will to-day pay 98c.

ACME MILLING CO., 352 West Washington St.

THE DESERT SEA NOT PERMANENT.

Railway Engineers Say the Water Is Evaporating Faster than It is Flowing In.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 24.-Engineers of the Southern Pacific company have been investigating the desert sea at Salton and their report is published in the Chronicle. The report says in part: "The present lake covers a surface of about 156 square miles. Two channels enter it, one known as New river; the other a broken arroya. The latter was closed a number of years ago by sand but the high floods in Feburary, 1891. washed it out and through it most of the water entered the desert. The first rush of water amounted to 16,000 cubic feet per second and commenced in the latter part of June. Now it is only 3,000. Since the 15th of July this flow has been balanced by evaporation and the water in the lake has not risen and is now receding. It will probably ail be gone before next year's floods appear, but it is likely to be formed every year until the channe! is again closed by the sand. Hardy's Colorado, which it was said was taking taking water from the gulf to the lake, is really flowing in the other direction, taking water to the gulf from a lagoon midway between Salton lake and the break in Colorado river.

Immigrant with Twenty-Four Children. NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—Rebecca Ruben-stein arrived at the barge office to-day from Odessa, bringing with her ber twentyfour children. Their ages range from one to twenty-five years. The Rubensteins are in good circumstances and will settle in this city. The father of the interesting family also accompanied the children to this country. Mrs. Rubenstein is forty-

Thorough Investigation of the Cause of the New York Disaster to Be Made.

FIXING THE RESPONSIBILITY

Belief Gaining Ground that the Collapse of the Building Was Due to Faulty Construction -Underwriters Will Refuse to Pay.

Bodies of Thirty-Four Victims Recovered from the Tangled Mass of Debris.

Only Twenty Identified by Friends-Eighty-Eight Persons Reported Missing-Incidents of the Firemen's Work Among the Ruins.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.-Interest in the Park-place disaster does not seem to flag. Citizens and underwriters are beginning to inquire into the cause, and there is a seeming desire to fix the responsibility for an accident that has cost so many lives. At the office of the boiler inspector it was stated that according to the records the Taylor building had no steam boilers of any kind, nor had there been any for several years past. The steam power used in it was supplied from outside sources. To verify this report Superintendent Brady and a force of deputies went to the ruins and began a thorough investigation of the causes of the accident. It was learned positively there was no boiler in the building and that the heavy lithographic presses vere not working when the accident oc curred. The theory that the disaster was due to faulty construction of the building is gaining strength.

It now looks as if the board of fire underwriters' theory that the fire companies are not hable for any of the damages either to the building or to the stock in the frail structure would be insisted upon in courts. At least such is the position taken by Secretary William Randell, of the board of fire underwriters, when seen to-day. In view of considering this state of facts Secretary Randell issued a call for a meeting of the board. A clause of the regular policy which provides for this particular case reads as follows: "If a building or any part thereof fall, except as a result of fire, all insurance by this policy on such building and contents shall end." So the very contract under which the fire insurance policy is issued makes null and void all claims for insurance for the heavy losers in the fearful disaster. There is still another clause in all policies which provides that the fire-insurance companies shall not be liable for any damages in cases of explosion. It was to consider these clauses and their application to the Park-place collapse that the meeting of the fire underwriters was called to-day. Only two members of the board appeared, and the consideration of the matter was post-poned until a quorum of the board could be

brought together. City Chamberlain Crain, whose mother owned the wrecked building, arrived at his office to-day. When questioned as to the condition of the building he said: "I know nothing, personally, about it. It was built in 1872, and was acquired by my mother in 1883. The building, I have always understood, was well constructed and never was condemned, nor was it considered unsafe. It was always used for the purposes for which it was used at the time of the fire. As to the claim that the stock of material and the heavy presses on the upper floors caused the building to collapse, why, any one who looks at the facts calmly and dispassionately will admit that such was not the case. My opinion, from all I have been able to learn, is that the cause of the accident was a fire, followed by an explosion, the same theory that the firemen have about the matter. The explosion occurred on one of the lower floors. What caused it or when it took place is not for me to say. It was insured for \$50,000, and Christie Warden. Her parents and sisters oppose my suit and I cannot see her at home." He then said to her: "Don't you ever mention this night's work to her or to anybody. You know how it is. If it were known that any man had entered her chamwas worth just about that som. I never knew that it was considered extra hazard-

A man who has been engaged for thirty-five years in placing machinery in position said to-day that the presses of Ellis & Mc-Donald and Leibler & Maas were so placed that the vibrations ran with the beams and rafters, and that the eight-inch resting plane was insufficient to support the enormone weight that was on it. On the third floor alone, he said, nearly forty tons of

that he was lying, as the door has no fast-ening on it. He then forced an object into her hand, which proved to be a 44-calibre revolver cartridge. He told her to guard District Attorney Nicoll is considering the question of indicting the person or persons responsible for the disaster. After a long consultation with his chief assistant, ex-Judge Bedford, he placed the case in the hands of Assistant District Attorney Townsend. DELVING FOR BODIES.

The work of delving for the dead in the ruins continued uninterrupted through the night, except at the times when the rain poured down in such torrents as to render labor beneath it impossible. Except at these times also the fire lines at either end of the block were lined with waiting friends or relatives of the missing. When they were driven from the street by the rain they sought shelter in doorways or wherever protection might be found, but as soon as it ceased their weary and mournful vigil was resumed. At 3:25 o'clock there was a bustle of excitement among the workmen that instantly communifire lines. Another body had been found. It was that of a man, and lay beside the tangle of presses at No. 70. It was terribly burned, and unrecognizable, unless its identity may be disclosed by the tattered fragments of clothing that but partly cov-

The work again went on unmarked by incident until 7:40 this morning, when a second body was found, also that of a man, near the spot where the first was discovered. Five minutes later a third body of a man was found in nearly the same place Hardly had this been done when the body of another man was found, but it lay be-neath a heavy press, and it will be impossible to remove it until aderrick is obtained to hoist the press from the ruins. Almost simultaneously the discovery of a fifth body, making twenty-one in all, was made among the brick and paper at No. 74. It was that of a large man, but it was, like the others exhumed, unrecognizable. From daylight on the crowd of spectators at the fire lines gradually increased, and at 9 o'clock a densely-packed throng filled every spot that commanded the slightest

view of the blackened ruins.

ITALIAN GHOUL ARRESTED. At 10:10 the body found at 8 o'clock pinned down beneath a press was removed. In order to release it tackle employed in hoisting safes was secured, and was fastened to a telegraph pole and then to the press. With it the press was raised sufficiently to permit of the removal of the body. It was that of a young man about eighteen or twenty years of age. About ten minutes later the body of another young man or boy was found almost directly beneath the

spot from which the last mentioned had been removed. It was identified as that of Ernest H. Shaddock, Brooklyn, who was employed by Liebler & Maas. He was sixteen years old. Just before the last two bodies were tak-en from the ruins a crowd of people standing on the steps of the building opposite the wreck saw one of the Italians working in the ruins stoop over the body of one of the victims and take something out of the vest pocket. They shouted to the police, and a boy ran across the street and told police-man Sweeney, who arrested the Italian.

he had "picked up." He was taken to the Second precinct station-house, followed by a mob, many of whom shouted "Lynch him, lynch him." From the station-house the Italian was taken to the Tombs police court. There he gave his name as Rosso Savano. He said he intended to give the watch to his boss. He was held for trial.

By noon the odor of the burned bodies became painfully offensive, and Doctors Doty and Milier, of the health board, were sent to disinfect the ruins, and also the bodies as they were taken out. The disinfections, however, appeared to do no good; as the stench became more and more unbearable as the day waned.

Six more bodies were taken out at 3:25 P.

M. Five of the bodies were those of women or girls and one of them a boy. One of the bodies was identified as that of Lottie Heim, twenty-five years old, who worked for Liebler & Mass; another that of Maggie Quinn, about twenty years old, and a third of Mamie Williams, sixteen years old. The two first were press oid.

third of Mamie Williams, sixteen years old. The two first were press girls.

A volunteer force of workmen from the Marvin Safe Company, with one of the company's blocks and its safe-hoisting machinery, was at work at noon hauling the big Hoe presses out of the ruins. Underneath one of these presses was visible the bodies of two men. The greater number of the Italians quit work at noon, but a few of them still kept on clearing away the debris. At that time only the edge of the debris. At that time only the edge of the ruins had been searched. Down beneath the center of the building are, probably, the graves of the great majority of those who perished. At 5 o'clock the next body who perished. At 5 o'clock the next body was brought out from the basement of No. 70. It was found beneath the press frame that had been lifted out of the debris a few minutes before. It proved to be the body of a man. The head and body were burned beyond recognition, but the legs and feet were comparatively intact. At 5:30 o'clock the next body was brought out from the press room. was brought out from the press-room. It was the remains of a young man, who looked to be about seventeen years old.
His face was burned beyond recognition,
but most of his clothes were in fair shape.
He was probably one of the employes in
the press-room. Half an hour later another
pine box was carried out of the ruins and laid beside the previous two on the side-walk, near the city hearse. When the lid was removed there was disclosed the frightfully charred remains of a young man. The body was burned and mutilated beyond possible recognition. Both hands and one foot were missing. Nearly every vestige of his clothing was gone, and what little re-mained was of little or no use towards identification. The man was apparently about twenty-four years old. The three boxes were then placed in the dead-wagon

and taken to the morgue.

Another body was removed from the ruins at 6:45 o'clock. It was that of a large and muscular man, about six feet in height and of perhaps 185 pounds weight. The remains were not much burned, although somewhat plackened. There was no mutilation of any part, and the hair was not even singed. None of those at the scene of the disaster waiting the recovery of relations could identify these remains and they were sent to the morgue. Up to 12:15 A. M. no more bodies had been reached. Owing to the wretched management of the work of excavation hardly any progress was made from 8 to 11 o'clock. There is little expectation that any more bodies will be recovered before daybreak, although the increasing and almost intolerable stench seems to indicate that other decomposing bodies are not far off, and may be reached at any time. Two or three dead-wagons are in waiting, and over a score of pine coffins are piled upon the sidewalk in readiness for an expected discovery of a group of dead bodies in the cellar of the restaurant, where the excavators have been working for the past four hours.

THIRTY-FOUR BODIES RECOVERED. At12:30 A. M., the sum total of the bodies recovered from the ruins was thirty-four. none having been taken out since sunset. The number positively identified is twenty and the number reported missing eightyeight. The identified dead are: Leonard Cole, forty-five years, Madison street, Brooklyn: John Gibbs, four years, New York; Anna Heagney, six years, New York; Michael Slattery, fifty-five years, New York; Andrew B. Peterson, twenty-one years, New York; George Lowe, Brooklyn; Gus-tave Zeikler, Hoboken; Jacob Heidenrich, New York; Charles Breitner, fifteen years, New York: Otto Walker, twenty-four years, New York: Frank Hach, thirtythree years, New York; B. Abraham Descheopks, fifteen years, New York; Gustav Steiner, twenty-six years, New York; John Steinke, forty-two years, Jer-sey City Heights; Edward Shaddock, eight-een years, Brooklyn; Maggie Quinn, eight-een years, New York; Lottie Hein, twentysix years, New York: Mattie Williams, sixteen years, New York; Mary Deinlein, six-teen years, New York; Courad Schmidt,

The firemen who have heard all sorts of stories as to the number of persons in the buildings when they fell believe at least fifty bodies are still under the debris. Deputy Fire Chief Reilly is of that opinion. and be has made careful calculations from the numerous and contradictory reports submitted to him.

Miller Barnett, the agent of Johnson City, Tenn., who was caught in the wreck of the falling building on Saturday, and received a compound fracture of the skull, at Chambers-street Hosstill where his skull was trepaned. The surgeons say he is doing well and bave hopes of his recovery. Mary Heagney, the nine-year-old girl, who was on the sidewalk when the Taylor building fell, and was buried under four feet of bricks, but was rescued alive, is also at the Chambers-street Hospital still. She suffers from a lacerated wound of the scalp, a contusion of the eye and fractured ribs. She is doing well and it is said she will recover. An alarm was sent out from police headquarters to-day for Louis Rosenfeld, proprietor of the paint store at No. 70 Park place. He has been missing since the disaster, and his brother thinks the fearful scenes he witnessed after the crash came unsettled his mind, and that he is wandering aimlessly about this or some other city.

TWO SPORTS FALL OUT.

Pugilist Jim Hall Slashed in the Neck by "Parson" Davies and Badly Hurt.

MOUNT CLEMENS, Mich., Aug. 24.-A sanguinary encounter between two of the most noted characters in the sporting world occurred here last night. Jim Hall. the Australian pugilist, who claims the title of champion middle-weight of the world, was fearfully worsted in an attack on his business manager, Charles E. Davies. whose clergyman-like appearance and suavity of demeanor are so remarkable as to win the apt sobriquet of "Parson." Hall and Davies have been stopping at the Mineral Springs here. The encounter was the outcome of a quarral in the bar-room of their hotel. After an angry word or two Hall struck viciously at Davies with a bottle. The big prize-tighter's arm was caught by a bystander, but, shaking himself free, Hall attempted to repeat the blow, and Davies, at bay, grabbed a lemon knife lying on the bar and, dodging Hail's powerful fist, lunged back at him with the knife, striking him in the throat and cutting a terrible gash from chin to ear on the right side and narrowly missing the jugular

"You've done me. Charlie, but stay with me," exclaimed Hall as the blood spurted in a horrible flow from the wound. The room after the fracas presented a gory appearance. Hall will recover. Hall is the pugilist whose fight, announced to take place with Be. Fitzimmons at St. Saul. caused such in' se excitement throughout the country and was stopped by the Gov-ernor of Minnesota after the interposition of Archbishop Ireland.

Will Be Returned to the Dupes.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.-Postmaster Sexton. of this city, will return to the senders all money orders and registered letters addressed to the National Capital Savings, Building and Loan Association that have been received since that concern's affairs were discovered to be in such bad shape. The receiver in whose hands the com-

what was to be done with the letters, and the Postmaster-general directed him to return money orders and registered letters to senders, but to allow the regular letters to pursue their ordinary course. This decision was received to-day, and Mr. Sexton at once proceeded to act on it. Mr. Sexton says he has received letters from all parts of the country asking him to stop mail addressed to the concern. He has now on hand fifteen money orders and as many registered letters.

BAY STATE PEOPLE'S PARTY.

Organization Effected and a Ticket to Be Placed in the Field This Fall.

Boston, Aug. 24.—The State Central committee of the People's party met here today and elected George F. Washburn, of Boston, permanent chairman, and E. Gerry Brown permanent secretary. A thorough State organization was effected. It was voted to put a State ticket in the field this autumn. After an extended debate a platform was adopted, and it indorses the action of the conference held at Cincinin May last. It demands that United States treasury notes be assued in sufficient volume to transact the business of the country on a cash basis, such notes to be a legal tender and to be kept at par by being increased or decreased in volume in proportion to the population and the average market price of a given number of commodities; favors the establishment of postal savings banks; demands the enactment of laws which will prevent tax-dodging and favors a graduated tax upon inheritances: favors government ownership of all means of transportation and communication, and when it beis used for the profit of a few men at the expense of the general public, recommends that the people should assume control of such commerce through their national, State or municipal administrations, especially advocating municipal coal-yards; opposes the granting of municipal franchises to private corporations for a term of years; demands that the importation, manufacture and sale of all spirituous liquors be conducted by the government of States; demands that all public employes be subject to the rules of civil service and declares in favor of the eight-hour day; demands industrial training in connection with the public schools, equal pay for equal work, and that the employment of private armed bodies be made a penal offense; demands restrictive immigration; declares against convict labor; favora woman suffrage, annual State elec-tions and insurance by the States; protests against legislation tending to bring medical practice under the control of any par-ticular schools of medicine and against the contract-labor system as used by the government of town, city or State.

Maryland Will Support Cleveland.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 24.-Ex-Governor Bowie, who has been to Saratoga, where Senator Gorman now is, is authority for the statement that Gorman told a prominent Connecticut politician who spoke to him about the presidency that Maryland's vote in the next national convention would be cast for Cleveland, as her people recognized the fact that Cleveland is the popular choice of the country, and would support him in the convention so long as he had a chance of winning.

In Favor of Co-Operative Stores. TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 24.—The committee appointed by the Alliance commercial convention to investigate the scheme for establishing co-operative stores throughout the State under one general management has decided to report favorably to the convention, which will meet in Salina, Oct. 20, the day before the Alliance State conven-

ATTEMPT TO WRECK A TRAIN.

Two Negroes Confess to fastening a Piece of Iron to a Bridge Rail.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Aug. 24.-A daring attempt was made to wreck a train on the main line of the Illinois Central railroad yesterday. Had the north-bound accommodation train from Water Valley to Grand Junction been going ten miles an hour faster, there would have been an awful disaster. About seven miles north of Holly Springs, carpenters are reparing a bridge. As the north-bound train came in sight of the bridge, the engineer noticed that one rail seemed to be unduly elevated. He quickly applied the air-brakes, and reversed his enwent on the bridge it was discovered that a piece of iron, knowen as a stirrup among bridge men, had been securely fastened to the rail, and would have thrown any train from the track. Luckily only the front trucks of the engine left the rails. Word was at once sent along the road, and soon after a posse of men, with M. L. Brewer, of Holly Springs, at their head, went in pur-

suit of the perpetrators of the deed In the excitement of the narrow escape from being thrown, with his train, from the bridge into the water below the engineer noticed two negroes running away through the bushes. Suspicion was directed toward them. The posse heard of the negroes being seen in the vicinity, and an accurate description was secured of both. After a chase of several hours Mr. Brewer caught them. They give their names as Will Frost and Will McDowell. They were separated by the posse, and each said enough to implicate the other. They were then confronted, and their captor told each what the other had said. They confessed to having committed the deed. Frost said McDowell had a large ax which he intended to use for breaking open coaches in case of a wreck. The negroes were taken to Holly Springs and placed in jail. Both have the reputation of being hard characters, and it is thought that they intended to wreck the train for the purpose of rob-

THREE MILES MORE TERRITORY.

Survey of the Northeastern Boundary of Alaska Results in Advantage to This Country.

Sr. Louis, Mo., Aug. 24.-Dr. W. V. Kingsbury, the surgeon of the United States coast and geodetic survey party organized to definitely establish the northeastern boundary of Alaska, returned to this city yesterday after an absence of over two years. In speaking of the trip and its results, Dr. Kingsbury said: "In the opinion of the leaders of the two government survey parties sent into Alaska the result of the work has been most satisfactory. The object of the expedition had been to definitely establish the northeastern boundaries of Alaska about which there was a difference of British and American opinion. Lieut. Frederick Schwatka bad made a running survey along the one-hundred-and-forty-first parallel for this government and Surveyor Ogilvie the British government, there was a difference of three miles in their establishment of the northeastern boundary line. Our camp was situated at the intersection of one-hundred-and-forth-first parallel with of our work has been to the Ogilvie survey, which gives the United States three miles more territory along the northeastern boundary line of Alaska than it was supposed to have. Of course, it will require a long time for Surveyor McGrath to get his official report ready, and it will probably not be made for two years following his return to the States.

The President Attends Two Receptions. SARATOGA, Aug. 24 .- The President went driving this morning with Colonel Clemens. This afternoon he attended a reception at the home of Mr. Panes, arriving at about 5 o'clock and remaining until 6:30. At 9:30 this evening he received the guests of the hotel in the Grand Union parlor. five years old and is still plump and pretty.

She is about to give birth to the twenty
fifth child.

CLAWSON, Tex., Aug. 24.—The Clawson an order from the court giving him posseslumber-mill, together with machinery and dry-kiln, were burned to-day. Loss, \$75,000.

CLAWSON, Tex., Aug. 24.—The Clawson an order from the court giving him posseslumber-mill, together with machinery and his pockets, and the first thing he pulled out was a silver watch which he admitted

C. Smith, of the Vermont Central road.

States steamer Alliance was at Shanghai an order from the court giving him posseshis pockets, and the first thing he pulled out was a silver watch which he admitted

C. Smith, of the Vermont Central road.

States steamer Alliance was at Shanghai and the first thing he pulled out was a silver watch which he admitted

C. Smith, of the Vermont Central road.

States steamer Alliance was at Shanghai and the first thing he pulled out was a silver watch which he admitted Secretary Proctor arrived to-night with E.

QUEER ACT OF A BRITISHER

Officer of an English War Ship Aids Balmaceda to Loot the Chilian Treasury.

Unconfirmed Report from Valparaise that the Insurgent Army Was Routed in the Battle Fought on Vina Del Mar Beach.

All the Available Government Forces to Be Concentrated at the Capital.

Compliments Exchanged Between Queen Victoria and President Carnot Over the French Fleet-Latest from China and Japan.

AIDED BY AN ENGLISH WAR SHIP.

Belmaceda Succeeds in Looting the Chilian

Treasury with British Assistance. LONDON, Aug. 24.-A dispatch to the Times, published to-day, from Buenos Ayres confirms the information contained in a letter from Lisbon published in the Times on Saturday last to the effect that President Balmaceda, of Chili, sent \$1,000,000 in silver to Montevideo for shipment to Europe, thanks to the good offices of the British war ship Espiegle. President Balmaceda, according to the story made public on Saturday, being unable to borrow money, seized the silver bullion in the treasury at Santiago de Chili, which was stored there as security for the fiduciary circulation in order to be able to pay sums due to European contractors who have been supplying him with ships, arms and ammunition. The writer of this communication added that Balmaceda being unable to hire a private vessel to transport the silver to Montevideo, from where it was to be transferred to Europe, managed to persuade the commander of her Majesty's steamer Espiegle to convey the sum of \$1,000,000 in silver to Montevideo, where the money was landed on Aug. 15. The Times, commenting upon this letter, said it was confident that the commander of the Espiegle took this step without the consent of the British Admiralty, adding that it seemed as though a British war ship had been made the accomplice of a downright robbery. The Times also said that the mat-ter demanded a full and prompt investigation. The Espregle is a sloop of war, commanded by Commander Arthur C. Clarke. She mounts ten guns, is of 1,130 tons register and 1,140 horse power. She is attached to the British squadron under Admiral C. F. Holtham, C. B.

Great interest is felt here in the pending struggle in Chili, as it is believed that the encounter between the forces of the two contending parties near Valparaiso must lead to a speedy end of the contest. The English interests in nitrate, of which Col. North is the chief representative, are, and North is the chief representative, are, and have been all along, friendly to the insurgents, and it is believed that it was through their agency that the insurgents received the arms which enabled them to make their present attack upon the center of Chilian territory. English sympathy with the insurgent cause is general and outspoken, and President Balmaceda is denounced as a despot and a usurper. The expedition has been undertaken in good time, as the Presidente Errazuriz must now time, as the Presidente Errazuriz must now be well on her way across the Atlantic and the Pinto is following just as rapidly. An official confirmation of the reports of

recent lighting in Chili has been received in London. A responsible representative of the Chilian government said to-day that the reports are so alarming that if there is any foundation for them the cause of the regular government is lost; but, in his opinion, the facts are greatly exaggerated ferring to the Espiegle affair, the representative said the published story is, substantially, correct. Balmaceda, he said, was authorized by a special law passed by Congress to remove thirty-five tons of ailver from Valparaiso to Montevideo, and the commander of the Espiegle was fully cognizant of this law. cognizant of this law.

A dispatch to the Hamburger Correspondence from Santiago de Chili says that on the 19th inst. six unarmed youths belong-ing to good families, while holding a political meeting, were massacred by a detachment of cavalry by order of President Balmaceda. The massacre has caused indignation among all classes.

COMPLIMENTS EXCHANGED.

Queen Victoria and President Carnot Exchange Greetings-French Tars Entertained. LONDON, Aug. 24.-Queeh Victoria, shortly after reviewing the French fleet at Spithead, on Friday last, caused the following message to be telegraphed President Carnot: "I wish to express to you the great pleasure I have had in receiving Admiral Gervais and his officers at Osborn, and how much I admire the French squadron which I have just reviewed." To this message President Carnot replied: "I beg your Majesty to accept my sincere thanks for the gracious reception you were good enough to accord to Admiral Gervais and his officers; also, for the sentiments expressed in

regard to the French fleet."
A number of French officers to-day were conducted over the dock-yard at Portsmouth, and were shown all the departments which are open to the inspection of to reign officers. The French visitors were also conducted through the ship-building yards and over the gunnery instruction ships and torpedo depot. Later in the day these officers were entertained at luncheon on Whale island by the admiral in command, the Earl of Clanwilliam.

The French sailors were entertained at a banquet in the Town Hall at Portsmouth to-day by the municipal authorities. All previous functions have been either private or official in character, and to-day was the first time the populace have had a chance to welcome the Frenchmen. The marching of the sailors in procession four hundred strong, to the town hall, was made the occasson of a popular ovation. On arriving at the town hall the ranks of the Frenchmen were broken up and mixed with an enthusiastic crowd which indulged in a good humored interchange of chaff with the sailors, to the strains of the "Marseillaise," played by English bands. Simultaneously with the banquet in the Town Hall, the Duke of Connaught and the Duke of Cambridge entertained the Frech officers at the Government House. The day's festivities closed with a grand military tattoo, rendered by the united bands of the English and French fleets.

During the evening, the Queen, aboard the royal yacht, going from Osborne House to Portsmouth, en route to Balmoral, passed between the lines of the squadrons. She was heartily cheered by the English and French sailors. Salutes were fired in her

The Chronicle's Paris correspondent says there is high authority for the statement that the Queen desires to decorate Presi-dent Carnot with the highest grade of the Order of the Bath. It is settled that President Carnot will visit England in the

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN. Wusuch Rioters to Be Tried Again on De-

mand of the British Rioters. SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 24 .- The steamship Rio, of Rio de Janeiro, arrived to-day, twenty-five days from Hong Kong and fifteen days from Yokohama. The Japanese Herald, commenting on the report by the United States consul at Foo Chow, China, of the anticipated trouble there, says that advices up to Aug. 2 do not